Abstract Algebra final practice assignment:

- 1. (Adapted from 7.1 #4). Determine whether the sets G is a group under the operation *.
- a. $G = \{2, 4, 6, 8\}$ in \mathbb{Z}_{10} , a * b = ab (write out the table)
- b. $G = \mathbb{Z}$; a * b = a b
- d. $G = \{2^x \mid x \in \mathbb{Z}\}$; a * b = ab
- 2. (Adapted from 7.1 # 8) $U_{20} = \{n \in \mathbb{Z}_{20} \mid n \text{ is a unit}\}.$
- a. List all of the elements in U_{20}
- b. Prove that U_{20} with the operation a * b = ab is a group.

3. (similar to 7.2 #2) D_6 is all of the symmetry functions on a regular hexagon. Name the 60° counterclockwise rotation *r*, and the reflection in a vertical line *v*.

- a. describe and name all of the other rotations.
- b. describe and name all of the other reflections
- c. are there any other symmetry functions? If so, describe and name them.
- d. Number the vertices to show the result of $v \circ r$
- e. Number the vertices to show the result of $r \circ v$
- f. List all of the cyclic subgroups of D_6
- 4. (similar to 7.2 # 3) S_5 is the permutations of 5 elements: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.

List all of the elements of the cyclic subgroup $\left\langle \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \right\rangle$

- 5. List or describe the elements in (similar to 7.2 # 4-8)
- a. < 2 > in the additive group \mathbb{Z}_{10}
- b. < 2 > in the additive group $\mathbb Z$
- c. < 2 > in the multiplicative group of non-zero elements \mathbb{Z}_{11}^{*}
- 6. Prove that < 2 > in the additive group \mathbb{Z}_{10} is a subgroup.

Also 7.4 # 1 and 4.

Things you should be able to prove about groups: Theorems 7.1, 7.2, 7.5, 7.6, 7.14

